## Construction of a $90^{\circ}$ angle

## Example 4

## Ci) Self Tutor

Construct an angle of $90^{\circ}$ at P on the line segment [XY].


Step 1: On a line segment [XY], draw a semi-circle with centre $P$ and convenient radius which cuts [XY] at M and N .


Step 2: With centre M and convenient radius larger than MP, draw an arc above P.

Step 3: With centre N and the same radius draw an are to cut the first one at W .


Step 4: Draw the line from P through W. $W \widehat{P Y}$ and $W \widehat{P} X$ are both $90^{\circ}$.


## Construction of a perpendicular Bisector

## Example 5

Ci) Self Tutor
[AB] has length 4 cm . Locate the midpoint of $[\mathrm{AB}]$ by construction using a perpendicular bisector.

Step 1: With centre A and radius more than 2 cm , draw an arc of a circle to cut [AB] as shown.


Step 2: Repeat Step 1, but with centre B. Make sure that the first arc is crossed twice at C and D.


Step 3: With pencil and ruler, join C and D.

The point where (CD) and $[\mathrm{AB}]$ meet is the midpoint M .
$(\mathrm{CD})$ and $[\mathrm{AB}]$ are perpendicular.


## Construction of an Angle Bisector



