Simplify the following terms. All work must be shown.

## SECTION 1:



1 Are the following statements true or false? Correct the statements which are false.
a $\frac{3 a+b}{2}$ is an equation.
b $\frac{a}{b}+c$ is an expression.
c $2 x+3=5$ is an equation.
d $2 x+3-8 y$ is an equation.
e $2 x+4-3 y$ has 3 terms.
f The coefficient of $x$ in $2 y-5 x+8$ is 5 .
g The constant term in $5 x-11 y-6$ is 6 .

## SECTION 2:

1 Simplify, where possible, by collecting like terms:
a $5+a+4$
b $6+3+a$
c $m-2+5$
d $x+1+x$
e $f+f-3$
f $5 a+a$
g $5 a-a$
h $a-5 a$
i $x^{2}+2 x$
j $d^{2}+d^{2}+d$
k $5 g+5$
| $x^{2}-5 x^{2}+5$
m $2 a+3 a-5$
n $2 a+3 a-a$

- $4 x y+x y$
p $3 x^{2} z-x^{2} z$

2 Simplify, where possible:
a $7 a-7 a$
b $7 a-a$
c $7 a-7$
d $x y+2 y x$
e $c d-2 c d$
f $4 p^{2}-p^{2}$
g $x+3+2 x+4$
h $2+a+3 a-4$
i $2 y-x+3 y+3 x$
j $3 m^{2}+2 m-m^{2}-m$
k $a b+4-3+2 a b$
| $x^{2}+2 x-x^{2}-5$
m $x^{2}+5 x+2 x^{2}-3 x$
n $a b+b+a+4$

- $2 x^{2}-3 x-x^{2}-7 x$

3 Simplify, where possible:
a $4 x+6-x-2$
b $2 c+d-2 c d$
c $3 a b-2 a b+b a$
d $x^{2}+2 x^{2}+2 x^{2}-5$
e $p^{2}-6+2 p^{2}-1$
f $3 a+7-2 a-10$
g $-3 a+2 b-a-b$
h $a^{2}+2 a-a^{3}$
i $2 a^{2}-a^{3}-a^{2}+2 a^{3}$
j $4 x y-x-y$
k $x y^{2}+x^{2} y+x^{2} y$
| $4 x^{3}-2 x^{2}-x^{3}-x^{2}$

## SECTION 3:

1 Simplify:
a $x+x$
b $c+c+c$
c $a+a+b+b$
d $a+a+a+b$
e $3+x+x+y$
f $a+a+b+b+b$
g $g+g+2+g$
h $3-(a+a)$
i $y+y+y+y-4$
j $6-(b+b+b)$
k $4+t+t+s+s+s$
I $2 \times(m+m)$

## SECTION 4:

1 If $x=5$ and $y=6$, find the values of the following expressions:
a $4 x$
b $x+2 y$
c $2(x+y)$
d $3 y-3 x$
e $3(x-y)$
f $3 x-y$
g $2(5 x-2 y)$
h $5(y-x)+2$
i $2(3 x-2 y)$
j $2 y-5$
k $16-2 x$
I $5+2 y-3 x$

2 If $a=3, b=2$ and $c=5$, find the value of:
a $a+b$
b $2 a$
c $c^{2}$
d $b c$
e $c-b$
f $b-c$
g $2 a c$
h $2 a^{2}$
i $3 b c$
j $4 a b^{2}$
k $a(b+c)$
I $a b+a c$

3 If $m=4, n=2, g=0$ and $h=5$, evaluate:
a $3 m+n$
b $m+3 n$
c $3(m+n)$
d $3 m+3 n$
e $m^{2}$
f $2 m^{2}$
g $(2 m)^{2}$
h $m n-g h$
i $3 n$
j $(3 n)^{2}$
k $2 n^{2}$
| $2 g-6$
m $g m-n h$
n $5 n^{3}$

- $h n^{2}$
p $(h n)^{2}$

4 Given $p=2, q=-3, r=-1$, and $s=-5$, evaluate:
a $q^{2}$
b $2 p q$
c $3 p^{2}$
d $r^{3}$
e $q r s$
f $q^{2}+s$
g $s-q^{2}$
h $p q+r s$
i $p^{2}-q^{2}$
j $p+q^{2}$
k $(p+q)^{2}$
| $2 p-3 q s$

## SECTION 5:

1 If $a=3, \quad b=2, \quad c=6, \quad$ evaluate:
a $\frac{c}{2}$
b $\frac{c}{a}$
c $\frac{a}{c}$
d $\frac{c}{b-a}$
e $\frac{a+c}{b}$
f $\frac{a b}{c}$
g $\frac{a^{2}}{b}$
h $\frac{c^{2}}{a}$
i $\frac{a b^{2}}{c}$
j $\frac{(a b)^{2}}{c}$

2 If $a=2, \quad b=-3$ and $c=-4$, evaluate:
a $\frac{c}{a}$
b $\frac{a}{c}$
c $\frac{-1}{b}$
d $\frac{c^{2}}{a}$
e $\frac{c}{a+b}$
f $\frac{a-c}{2 b}$
g $\frac{b}{c-a}$
h $\frac{a-c}{a+c}$
i $\frac{c-a}{b^{2}}$
j $\frac{a^{2}}{c-b}$

## SECTION 6:

Simplify the following by expression:
a $a^{4} b^{5} \times a^{2} b^{2}$
b $6 x y^{5} \div 9 x^{2} y^{5}$
1.
a $\left(a^{7}\right)^{3}$
b $p q^{2} \times p^{3} q^{4}$
2.

